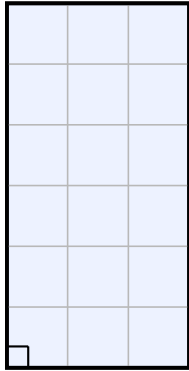




Count unit squares

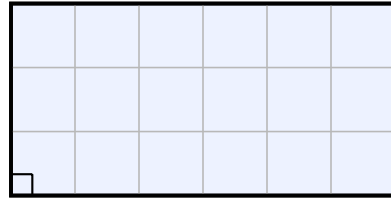
Count the unit squares to find the area.

1.



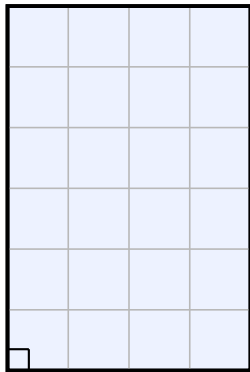
Area = 18 square units

2.



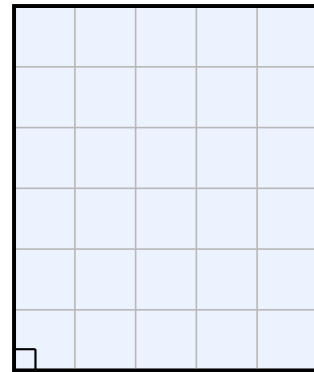
Area = 18 square units

3.



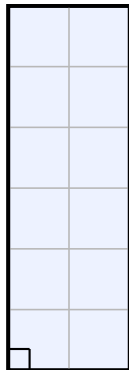
Area = 24 square units

4.



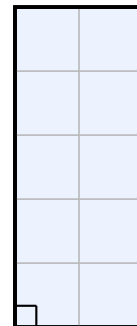
Area = 30 square units

5.



Area = 12 square units

6.



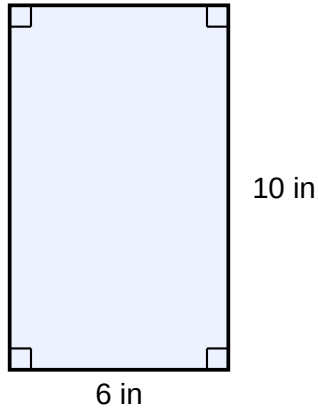
Area = 10 square units



Multiply the sides

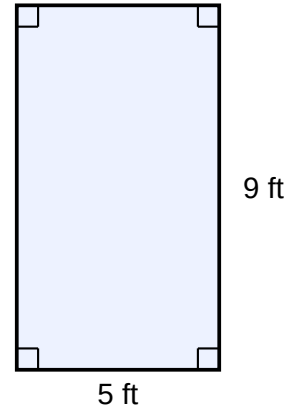
Multiply the side lengths to find the area.

1.



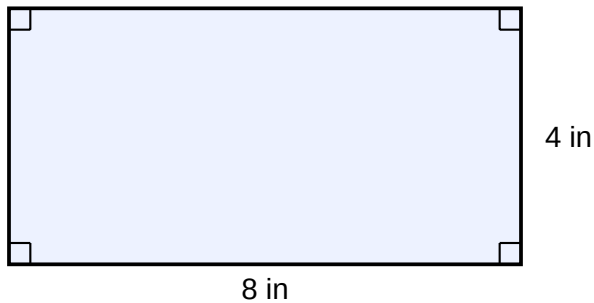
Area = 60 sq in

2.



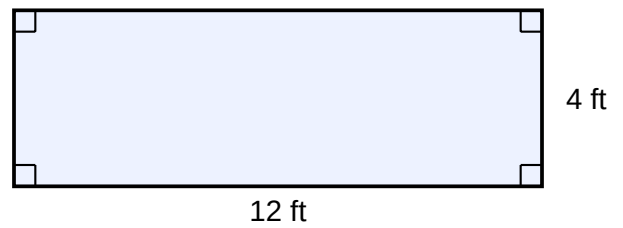
Area = 45 sq ft

3.



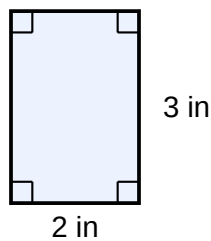
Area = 32 sq in

4.



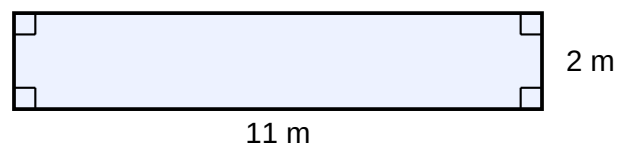
Area = 48 sq ft

5.



Area = 6 sq in

6.



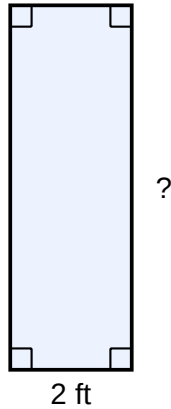
Area = 22 sq m



Find a missing side

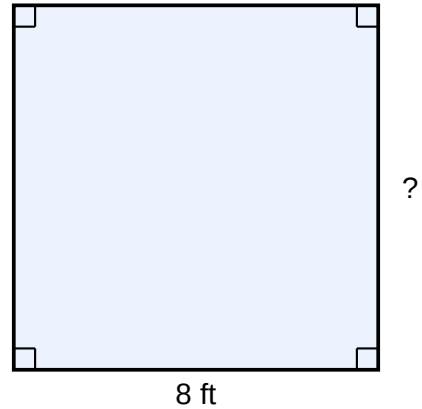
Use the area to find the missing side length.

1.



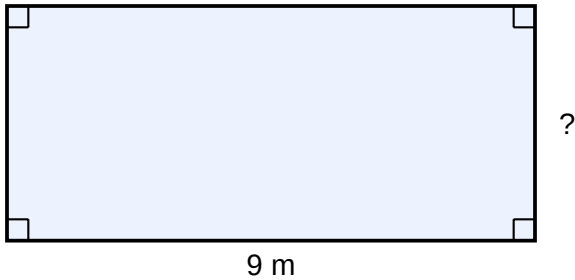
Area 12 sq ft. Side = 6 ft

2.



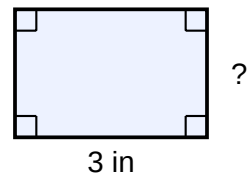
Area 64 sq ft. Side = 8 ft

3.



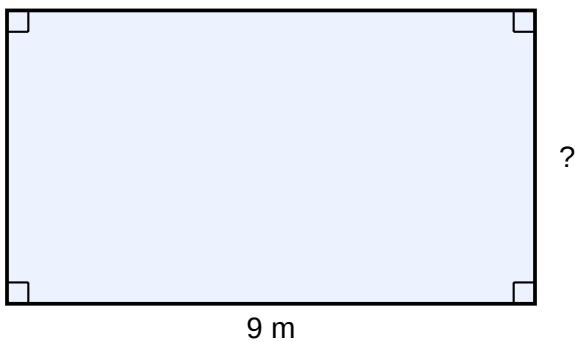
Area 36 sq m. Side = 4 m

4.



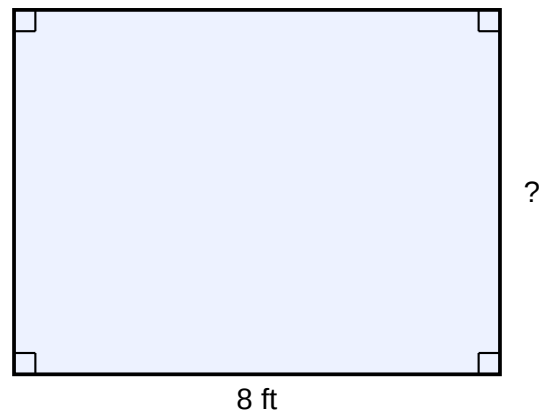
Area 6 sq in. Side = 2 in

5.



Area 45 sq m. Side = 5 m

6.



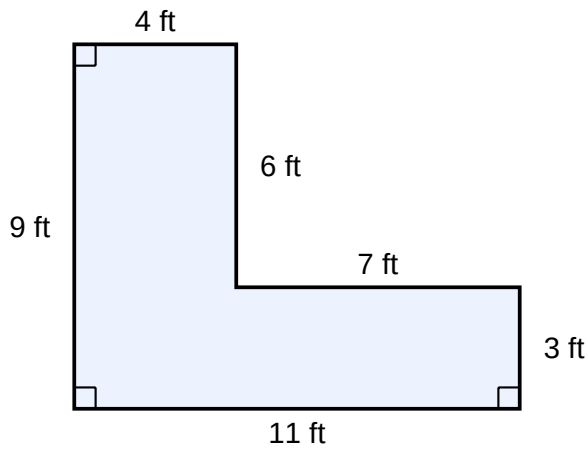
Area 48 sq ft. Side = 6 ft



L-shaped figures

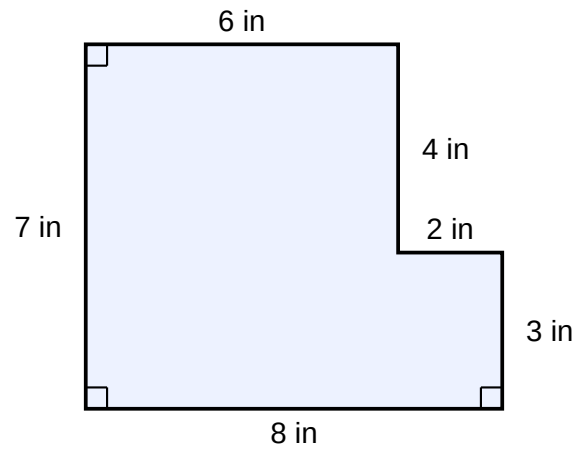
Split each figure into two rectangles. Add their areas.

1.



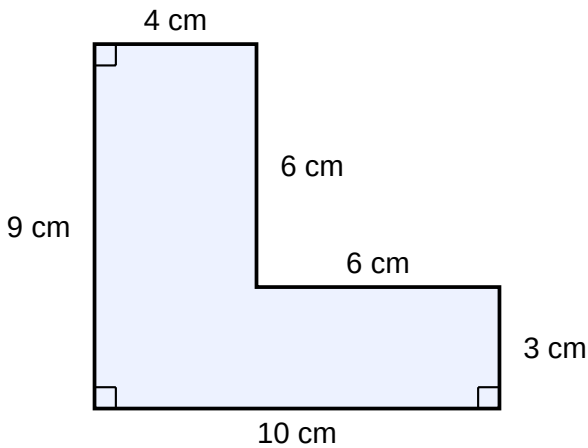
Area = 57 sq ft

2.



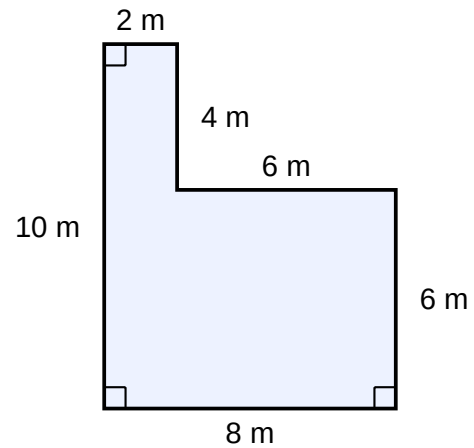
Area = 48 sq in

3.



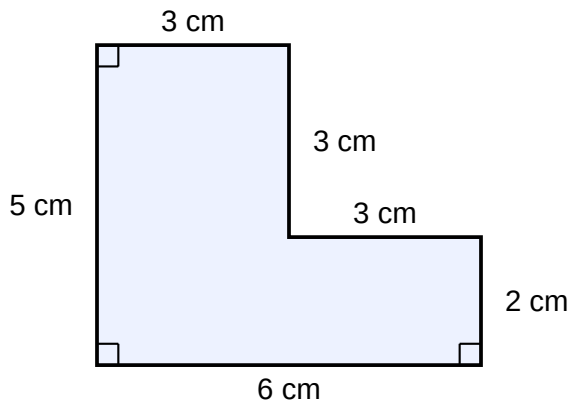
Area = 54 sq cm

4.



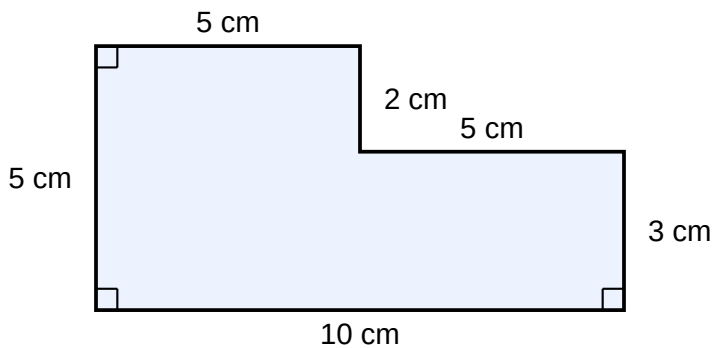
Area = 56 sq m

5.



Area = 21 sq cm

6.



Area = 40 sq cm