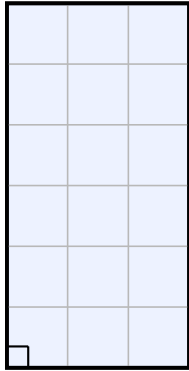




Count unit squares

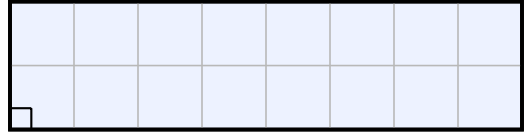
Count the unit squares to find the area.

1.



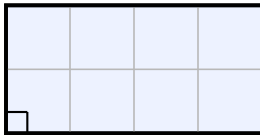
Area = 18 square units

2.



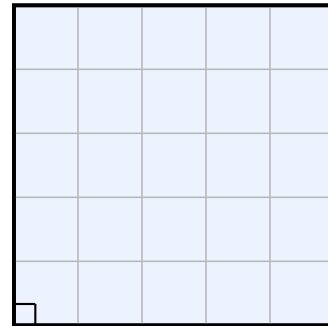
Area = 16 square units

3.



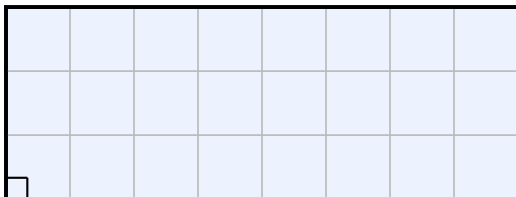
Area = 8 square units

4.



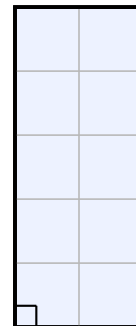
Area = 25 square units

5.



Area = 24 square units

6.



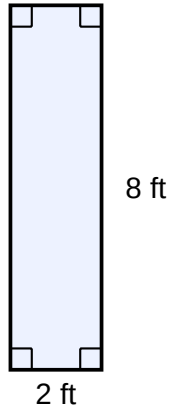
Area = 10 square units



Multiply the sides

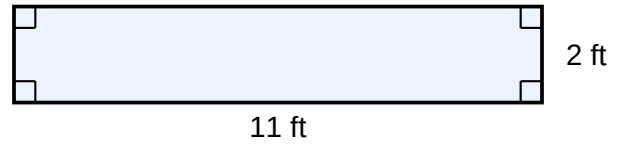
Multiply the side lengths to find the area.

1.



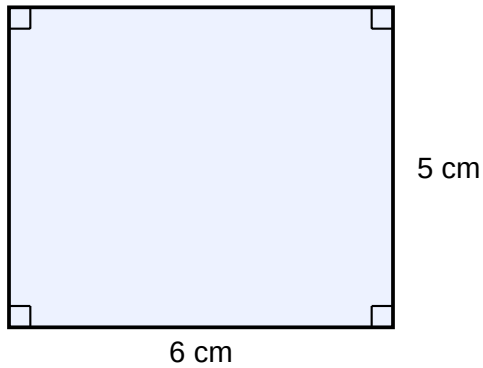
Area = 16 sq ft

2.



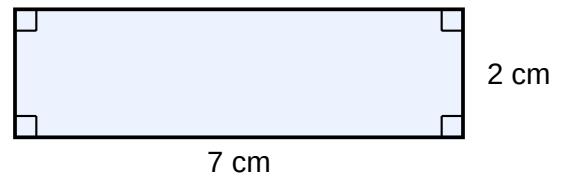
Area = 22 sq ft

3.



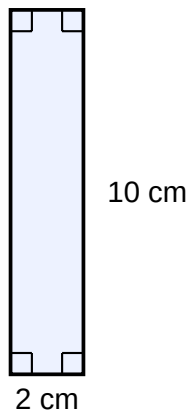
Area = 30 sq cm

4.



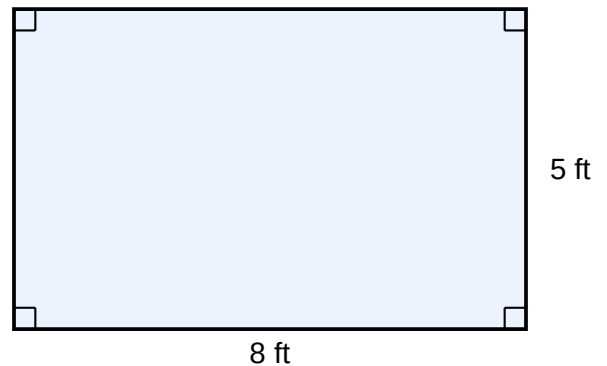
Area = 14 sq cm

5.



Area = 20 sq cm

6.



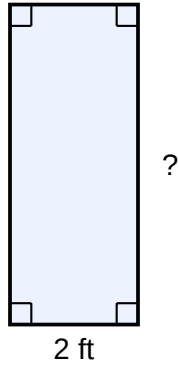
Area = 40 sq ft



Find a missing side

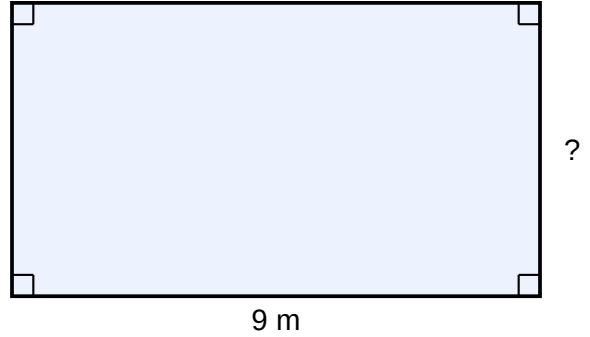
Use the area to find the missing side length.

1.



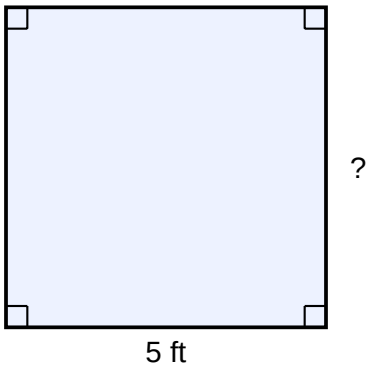
Area 10 sq ft. Side = 5 ft

2.



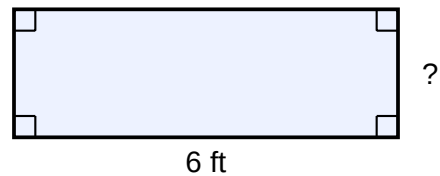
Area 45 sq m. Side = 5 m

3.



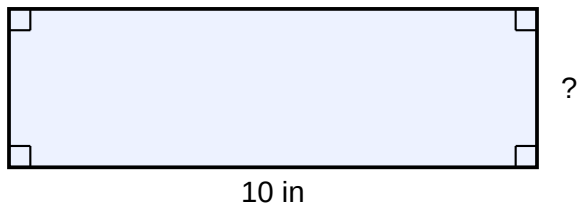
Area 25 sq ft. Side = 5 ft

4.



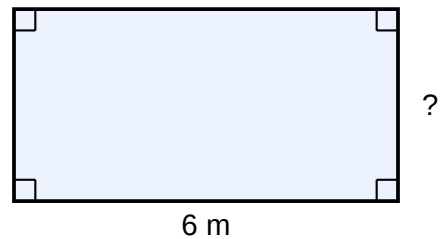
Area 12 sq ft. Side = 2 ft

5.



Area 30 sq in. Side = 3 in

6.



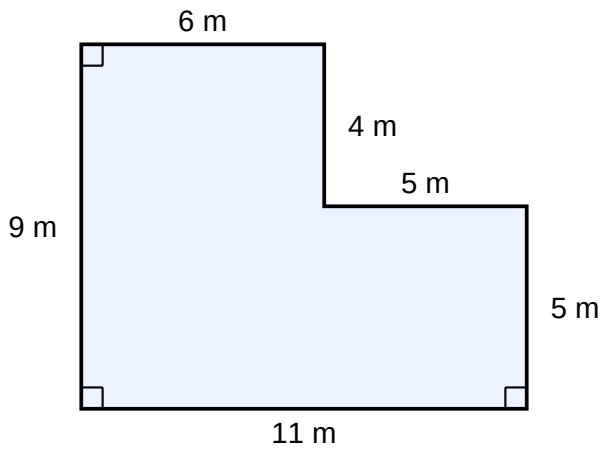
Area 18 sq m. Side = 3 m



L-shaped figures

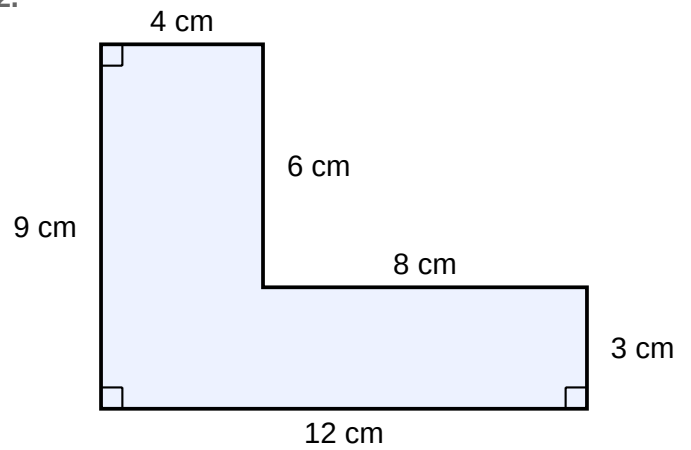
Split each figure into two rectangles. Add their areas.

1.



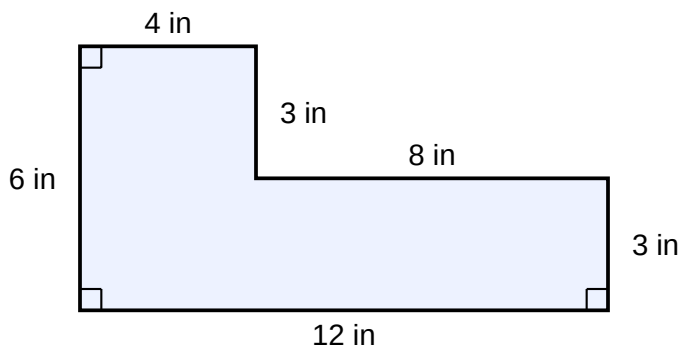
Area = 79 sq m

2.



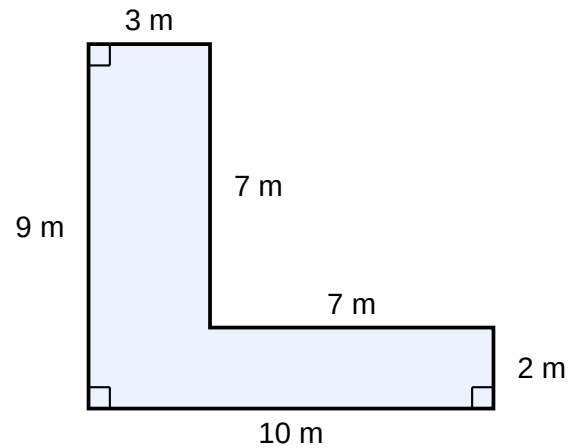
Area = 60 sq cm

3.



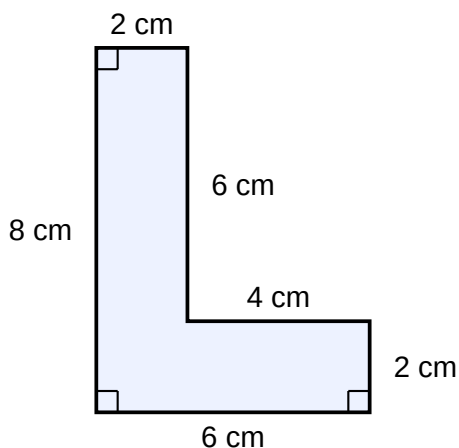
Area = 48 sq in

4.



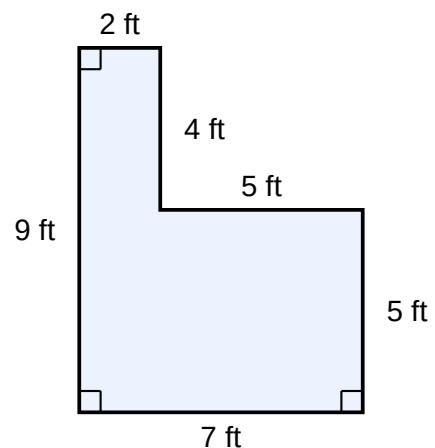
Area = 41 sq m

5.



Area = 24 sq cm

6.



Area = 43 sq ft